# **UNIT TEST**

STANDARD- 12

SUBJEST-CHEMISTRY

CODE-052

Total Marks: 25

Time: 1-Hour

Medium: English

PART-A

	PART-A
Select the proper cho	ce and answer the following multiple choice questions. (Each
question is of 1 mark	[09]
1. Maximum covalency	of nitrogen is
(A) 3 (B) 5	(C) 4 (D) 6
2. Which of the following	are peroxoacids of sulphur?
(A) $H_2SO_5$ and $H_2S_2O_8$	(B) H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>5</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>
(C) $H_2S_2O_7$ and $H_2S_2O_8$	(D)H <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>6</sub> and H <sub>2</sub> S <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub>
3. Which of the following	alcohols will yield the corresponding alkyl chloride on reaction with
concentrated HCl at roo	n temperature?
(A) CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> —CH <sub>2</sub> —OH	(B) CH <sub>3</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )-OH
(C) CH <sub>3</sub> -CH <sub>2</sub> -CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )-C	$H_2OH$ (D) $CH_3-CH_2-C(CH_3)_2-OH$
4. Which of the following	alkyl halides will undergo SN¹ reaction most readily?
(A) (CH₃)₃C—F	(B) (CH₃)₃C—Cl
(C) (CH₃)₃C—Br	(D) (CH₃)₃C—I
5. Which of the following	compounds will react with sodium hydroxide solution in water?
(A) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	(B) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH
(C) (CH₃)₃ COH	(D) C₂H₅OH
6. Which of the following	ı is benzylic alcohol?
(A) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH	(B) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH
(C) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH(OH)CH <sub>3</sub>	(D) C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH(OH)CH <sub>3</sub>
7. Cannizaro's reaction i	s not given by
(A) 1-Methylcyclohexan	e carbaldehyde (B) Benzene carbaldehyde
(C) Methanal	(D) Ethanal
8. In Clemmensen Redu	ction carbonyl compound is treated with
(A) Zinc amalgam + HC	(B) Sodium amalgam + HCl
(C) Zinc amalgam + HN	O <sub>3</sub> (D) Sodium amalgam + HNO <sub>3</sub>
9. The correct order of i	ncreasing acidic strength is
(A) Phenol < Ethanol <	Chloroacetic acid < Acetic acid
(B) Ethanol < Phenol <	Chloroacetic acid < Acetic acid
(C) Ethanol < Phenol <	Acetic acid < Chloroacetic acid

(D) Chloroacetic acid < Acetic acid < Phenol < Ethanol

#### PART-B

### **SECTION A**

- Answer any three of the following questions. (Each question is of 2 marks) [06]
  - 1. How the following conversion can be carried out?
  - tert-Butyl bromide to isobutyl bromide
  - 2. Explain Wurtz Fittig reaction giving suitable example.
  - 3. Give bromination reactions of phenol under different conditions.
  - 4. Write structures of the products of the following reactions:

(i) 
$$CH_3 - CH = CH_2 \xrightarrow{H_2O/H^+}$$

(ii) 
$$CH_2$$
- $C$ - $OCH_3$   $NaBH_4$ 

- 5. Write the structures of the following compounds.
- (i)  $\alpha$ -Methoxypropionaldehyde
- (ii) 2-Hydroxycyclopentane carbaldehyde

# **SECTION B**

- Answer any two of the following questions. (Each question is of 3 marks) [06]
  - 6. Complete and balance the following reactions:
  - (i). Cu + HNO<sub>3</sub>(dilute)  $\rightarrow$
  - (ii). Zn + NHO<sub>3</sub> (conc)  $\rightarrow$
  - (iii).  $P_4 + HNO_3$  (conc)  $\rightarrow$
  - 7. What are ambident nucleophiles? Explain with an example.
  - 8. Give the major products that are formed by heating each of the following ethers with HI.

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{CH_3} \\ \mathrm{I} \\ \mathrm{(I)} \ \mathrm{CH_3-CH_2-CH-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_3} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3 \\ \text{(i)} \quad \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{CH}_3 \\ \text{CH}_3 - \text{CH}_2 -$$

### **SECTION C**

- Answer any one of the following questions. (Each question carries 4 marks) [4]
  - 9. Explain cross aldol condensation reaction.
  - 10. Answer the following questions as asked:
  - (i). Give two examples to show the anomalous behaviour of fluorine. (2 marks)
  - (ii). How are XeO<sub>3</sub> and XeOF<sub>4</sub> prepared? (2 marks)

