This Question Paper contains 20 printed pages. (Part - A & Part - B)

Sl.No. 0101735

12 (E)

(MARCH, 2019) (NCERT OTHERS) પ્રશ્ન પેપરનો સેટ નંબર જેની સામેનું વર્તુળ OMR શીટમાં ઘટ્ટ કરવાનું રહે છે.

Set No. of Question Paper, circle against which is to be darken in OMR sheet.

01

Question Paper Reading 15 Minutes

Part - A: Time: 1 Hour / Marks: 50 Part - B: Time: 2 Hours / Marks: 50

(Part - A) monylog on the dang off

Time: 1 Hour]

[Maximum Marks: 50

Instructions:

- 1) There are 50 multiple choice type questions in Part A and all of them are compulsory.
- 2) The questions are serially numbered from 1 to 50 and each carries 1 mark.
- 3) Read each question carefully, select proper alternative and answer in the O.M.R. sheet.
- Separate OMR sheet is given for answering these questions. The answer of each question is to be given by darkening the circle against options (A), (B),
 (C), (D). Circle representing the most correct answer is to be darken with ball-pen.
- 5) Set No. of Question Paper printed on the upper-most right side of the Question Paper, the same is to be written in the space provided in the OMR sheet and circle depicting the correct set No. is to be darken with ball pen.

1)	If a , b and c are prime n	umbers then their HCF is	Rough Work
	(A) $a+b+c$	(B) abc	A .
	(C) 1	(D) 3	$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\lambda} \right)$
2)	The decimal expansion	of $\frac{2517}{6250}$ terminates after _	

(A) 4

decimal points.

(B) 5

(C) 3

(D) 6

Applying Euclid's lemma to c and d, we find whole numbers, q and r such that c = dq + r, where _____.

- (A) $0 \le r < d$
- (B) $0 < r \le d$
- (C) $0 \le r \le d$

- (D) 0 < r < a
- 4) The graph of the polynomial $p(x) = x^2 + x + 1$ intersects X-axis at _____ point/points.
 - (A) 1

(B) 2

(C) 3

- (D) none of these
- 5) Which of the following is not a zero of the polynomial $p(x) = x^3 x$?
 - (A) 0
- (B) 1
- (C) -1

- (D) 3
- 6) α and β are the zeros of the polynomial $p(x) = ax^2 + bx + c$, $a \ne 0$ such that $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$, then, $\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.
 - (A) $\frac{c}{a}$

(B) $-\frac{c}{a}$

(C) $\frac{b}{c}$

(D) $-\frac{b}{c}$

Rough	Work	

- 7) The zero of the standard form of linear polynomial in one variable is _____.
 - (A) $\frac{a}{b}$

- $\frac{b}{a}$ (B) $\frac{b}{a}$
- (C) $-\frac{a}{b}$

- (D) $-\frac{b}{a}$
- 8) The pair of equations 3x 2y = 5 and $\frac{x}{2} \frac{y}{3} = 1$ has ______ solution/solutions.
 - (A) no

(B) many

(C) unique

- (D) two
- 9) If the pair of equations ax + 2y = 7 and 2x + 3y = 8 have unique solution, then $a \neq$ _____.
 - (A) $\frac{3}{4}$

(B) $-\frac{3}{4}$

(C) $\frac{4}{3}$

- (D) $-\frac{4}{3}$
- 10) After 4 years from now the sum of ages of 4 friends will be 90 years, then before 3 years the sum of their ages was
 - (A) 74

(B) 30

(C) 62

(D) 83

- 11) If one root of the equation $5x^2 kx 2 = 0$ is -1 then the other root is _____.
 - (A) $\frac{5}{2}$

(B) $\frac{2}{5}$

(C) $-\frac{2}{5}$

- (D) $-\frac{5}{2}$
- 12) If the value of discriminant of a quadratic equation is 41, then the nature (type) of roots is _____.
 - (A) distinct and rational
 - (B) distinct and irrational
 - (C) identical and rational
 - (D) (A) and (B) both
- 13) If the roots of the equation $3x^2 2x k = 0$ are repeated, then k =_____.
 - (A) $-\frac{4}{3}$

(B) $\frac{4}{3}$

(C) $\frac{2}{3}$

- (D) $-\frac{1}{3}$
- 14) For an arithmetic progression if $S_m = S_n$, then $S_{m+n} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.
 - (A) -1

(B) 1

(C) 0

(D) m+n

Pough	Work

15)			and $12k$ –	3 the	conse	ecutiv	ve terms	s of a	n A.P	120
	then	k =	•							1 0
	(A)	-2			a)	(B)	15			(1/2
	(C)	4				(D)	2			5,0
16)	For : (<i>n</i> >	2).	etic progre							-
	(A)	d			mioc	(B)	2 <i>d</i>			0 [1
	(C)		1. 图(龙 年)				a+d			
17)			- P - B, A 12 then B		- C a	and P	PQ∥BC -	C. If I	PQ = 3	5,
	(A)	9.6	*			(B)	5			
	7 6	15				(D)				j.
18)	InΔ	ABC, m∠	$\angle A = 90$ ar	nd AB =	=AC	, then	BC:A	B=_	Jerel,	BHT
+	(A)	1:2			(B)	(B)	2:1			
	(C)	1:√2			(D)	(D)	$\sqrt{2}:1$			ul pe
19)			similar tria s are in th			the	ratio 4	: 9. Α Θ •Ι	reas (of
	(A)	2:3			(B)	(B)	4:9			
	(C)					(D)	16:81	ind i Is		40
20)	The		of the point				origin i		= 5220	0-14
	(A)	41					$\sqrt{41}$			
	(C)	1				(D)	9			VF LA

Rou	gh	Wo	rk

21)	The	co-ordinates	of the	foot	of	perpendicular	drawn	from
	P(5,	-1) on X-axi	s are _					

(A) $(\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{2})$

(B) (0, 5)

(C) (5,0)

- (D) (-5, 0)
- 22) If P(-1, 0) and Q(-4, 2) are the points of trisection of linesegment joining the points A(2, -2) and B(k, 4) then k =
 - (A) -4 (B) 6

(C) 7

- (D) -7
- 23) If A(1, 7), B(4, 2), C(-1, -1) and D(-4, 4) are the vertices of a quadrilateral, then \square ABCD is _____.
 - (A) parallelogram
- (B) rhombus

(C) rectangle

- (D) all (A), (B) & (C)
- **24**) For an acute angle θ , $\cot^2\theta \csc^2\theta =$
 - (A) 1

(B) -1

(C) 0

- (D) $\sin^2\theta$
- 25) If $\sin \theta + \cos \theta = \sqrt{2} \cos \theta$ then $\cos \theta \sin \theta =$ ____
 - (A) $\sqrt{2} \tan \theta$

(B) $\sqrt{2} \csc \theta$

(C) $\sqrt{2}\cos\theta$

(D) $\sqrt{2}\sin\theta$

- **26**) If $7\cos^2\theta + 3\sin^2\theta = 4$, then $\cot\theta =$ _____.
 - (A) 7
- (B) $\sqrt{3}$
- (C) $\frac{7}{3}$

- (D) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
- 27) If $\cot 5\theta \cdot \cot 4\theta = 1$, then $\theta = \underline{}$
 - (A) 9

(B) 10

(C) 7

- (D) 3
- 28) If angle of depression of a ship from a 30 m high tower is 60°, then the distance of the ship from the tower is
 - (A) $30\sqrt{3}$

(B) $10\sqrt{3}$

(C) $20\sqrt{3}$

- (D) $5\sqrt{3}$
- 29) If the ratio of the length of shadow of a tower and its height is $\sqrt{3}:1$, then the angle of elevation of the Sun is _____.
 - (A) 60

(B) 45

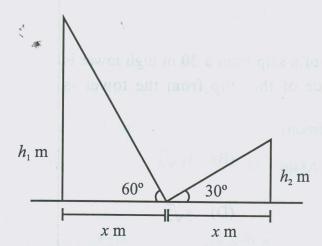
(C) 30

(D) 90

30) If Akshay walks 2a m on a slope, making an angle of measure 30° with the ground, he will reach at the height ____ m.

Rough Work

- (A) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}a$
- (B) *a*
- (C) $\frac{a}{2}$
- (D) $\frac{2a}{\sqrt{3}}$
- 31) Two towers of height h_1 and h_2 subtend angles 60° and 30° respectively at the mid point of the line joining their feet. Which of these is the same as $h_1:h_2$?



- (A) 1:2
- (B) 1:3
- (C) 2:1
- (D) 3:1
- 32) If two circles do not intersect each other then _____ common tangents can be drawn to both the circles.
 - (A) 2
 - (B) 3
 - (C) 4
 - (D) 1

33)	Whic	ch of the following is not true for a circle lying in a plane?
	(i)	A circle divides a plane in 3 set points.
	(ii)	All the points of a chord of a circle lie in the interior of a circle.
	(iii)	All the points of a tangent of a circle lie in the exterior of circle.
	(iv)	The longest chord of a circle is the diameter of the circle.
	(A)	(i) both
	(B)	(iv)
	(C)	(i) and (iv)
*	(D)	(ii) and (iii)
		bed in this case (we're a second
34)	A lir	ne intersecting a circle at one and only one point is called of the circle.
	(A)	(2n+2n-6)
	(A)	a chord
	(B)	a secant
	(C)	a tangent
	(D)	can not be said bis same height as a ton nor be said

35) Which of the following is not true?

- (i) Area of minor sector = $\frac{\pi r^2 \theta}{360}$
- (ii) Total surface area of a 10 rupees coin is πr^2 .
- (iii) Total surface area of a cube is $8l^2$.
- (iv) Volume of a cylinder is 3 times the volume of a cone.
- (A) (i)
- (B) (i) and (iv) both
- (C) (ii) and (iii) both
- (D) (iv)
- 36) Volume of a frustum of a cone is given by _____.
 - (A) $\frac{1}{3}\pi h \left(r_1^2 + r_2^2 + 2r_1r_2\right)$
 - (B) $\frac{1}{3}\pi h \left(r_1^2 r_2^2 2r_1r_2\right)$
 - (C) $\frac{1}{3}\pi h(r_1^2 r_2^2 + r_1 r_2)$
 - (D) $\frac{1}{3}\pi h \left(r_1^2 + r_2^2 + r_1 r_2\right)$
- 37) The ratio of radii of two cones with same height is 2:3, then the ratio of their volumes is _____.
 - (A) 4:9

(B) 9:4

(C) 8:27

(D) 4:6

- 38) If radius of a sphere is doubled then its volume becomes _____ of the original volume.
 - (A) double
 - (B) 4 times
 - (C) 8 times
 - (D) 16 times
- 39) Area of a circle increases by ______ if its radius is increased by 10%.
 - (A) 10%
 - (B) 19%
 - (C) 20%
 - (D) 21%
- 40) The circumference of a circle is 44, then the length of a side of a square inscribed in this circle is _____.
 - $(A) \quad \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{\pi}$
 - (B) $14\sqrt{2}$
 - (C) $7\sqrt{2}$
 - (D) $\frac{44}{\pi}$

Rough	Work

- 41) The length of a minute hand of a clock is 15 cm. The minute hand will sweep _____ cm² area in 20 minutes. (Take $\pi = 3.14$)
 - (A) 471
 - (B) 141.3
 - (C) 235.5
 - (D) 706.5
- 42) If the area of a circle and its circumference are numerically equal, then the radius of circle is _____.
 - (A) 1
 - (B) 2
 - (C) π
 - (D) $\pi/2$
- 43) The probability of scoring 73 marks in mathematics out of 100 in an exam is _____.
 - (A) $\frac{73}{100}$
 - (B) $\frac{1}{100}$
 - (C) $\frac{1}{101}$
 - (D) 1

44) One card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Rough Work

The probability of getting a king of red colour is _____.

		1
1	1)	1
1	A	1

- (B) $\frac{1}{26}$
- (C) $\frac{1}{52}$
- (D) $\frac{1}{13}$

45) For an event A, of a random experiment, the probability of event A i.e. P(A) can not be _____.

- (A) 0
- (B) 1
 - Where X is mean and Z is mode of
 - (D) $\frac{5}{2}$

46) The sum of the probabilities of all the elementary events of an experiment is ______.

- (A) 0
- (B) 1
- (C) 2
- (D) 100

x_i	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
f_{i}	2	5	8	10	12	15	6	4	2	1

- (A) 50
- (B) 40
- (C) 30
- (D) 25
- 48) For a data if mode = 52, h = 15, $f_0 = 3$, $f_1 = 7$, $f_2 = 6$ then lower boundary of the modal class is _____.
 - (A) 40
 - (B) 45
 - (C) 50
 - (D) 42
- 49) For a data if $\overline{X}-Z=3$ and $\overline{X}+Z=45$ then median of the data is _____. Where \overline{X} is mean and Z is mode of the data.
 - (A) 24
 - (B) 22
 - (C) 26
 - (D) 23
- 50) The mode of first 50 natural numbers is _____.
 - (A) 50
 - (B) 0
 - (C) 25
 - (D) does not exist

The sum of the probabilities of all the elementary

12 (E)

(MARCH, 2019) (NCERT OTHERS)

(Part - B)

Time: 2 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 50

Instructions:

- 1) Write in a clear hand writing.
- 2) There are four sections in Part B of the question paper and total 1 to 17 questions are there.
- 3) All questions are compulsory. Internal options are given.
- 4) The numbers at the right side represents the marks of the questions.
- 5) New section may be started on a new page of answer book.
- 6) It is advisable to maintain sequence.

SECTION-A

- Questions 1 to 8, each carries 2 marks.
 - 1) Use Euclid's division algorithm to find HCF of 4052 and 12576.
- [2]

2) Find the zeros of the polynomial $p(x) = 27x^3 - 8$.

- [2]
- 3) Write only the pair of linear equations for the given statement: "Half the perimeter of garden is 36m and the length of garden is 4m more than its width."
- 4) Sunita's height is 100 cm. She is walking away from the base of a lamp post at a speed of 1.3 m/s. If the lamp is 3.6 m above the ground, find the length of her shadow after 4 seconds.

[3]

- 5) If the points A(9, 4), B(k, 3), C(6, 1) and D(8, 2) are the vertices of a parallelogram, taken in order, find the value of k.
- 6) Evaluate: $[2] \sin 30^{\circ} + \cos 30^{\circ} + \tan 30^{\circ} + \cot 30^{\circ} + \sec 30^{\circ} + \csc 30^{\circ}.$
- 7) For $\triangle PQR$, prove that $\tan\left(\frac{Q+R}{2}\right) = \cot\frac{P}{2}$. [2]

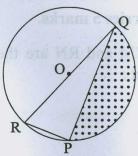
OR

- 7) Taking any measure of an acute angle for angle A i.e. 0 < A < 90, prove [2] that, $\sin 2A = 2\sin A \cdot \cos A$.
- 8) If two balanced dice are thrown simultaneously, write the sample space and also find the probability that the sum of two numbers appearing on the top of the dice is less than or equal to 12.

SECTION-B

- Questions 9 to 12, each carries 3 marks.
 - 9) Find the sum of first 40 positive integers divisible by 6.
 - 10) PQ is a chord of length 8 cm of a circle with radius 5 cm. The tangents at P and Q intersect at point T. Find the length of TP.

11) Find the area of the shaded region in the given figure, if PQ = 24 cm, PR = 7 cm and O is the centre of the circle.



12) Suresh wants to empty a hemispherical tank using a pipe at the rate of $3\frac{4}{7}$ [3] litres per second. How much time will Suresh take to empty half the tank, if the diameter of the tank is 3 m? $\left(\text{Take } \pi = \frac{22}{7}\right)$.

SECTION-C

- Question number 13 to 15, each carries 4 marks.
 - 13) A motor boat whose speed is 18 km/hr in still water takes 1 hour more to go 24 km upstream than to return downstream to the same spot. Find the speed of the stream.
 - 14) As observed from the top of a 75 m high lighthouse from the sea-level, the angles of depression of two ships are 30° and 45°. If one ship is exactly behind the other on the same side of the lighthouse, find the distance between the two ships. (Take $\sqrt{3}=1.73$).
 - 15) If the median of the distribution given below is 28.5, find the values of x [4] and y.

Class interval	Frequency
0 - 10	5
10 - 20	\boldsymbol{x}
20 - 30	20
30 - 40	15
40 - 50	y
50 - 60	5
Total	60

SECTION - D

- Questions 16 and 17, each carries 5 marks.
 - 16) In \triangle ABC and \triangle PQR, CM and RN are the medians, respectively. If \triangle ABC ~ \triangle PQR, prove that:
 - a) $\triangle AMC \sim \triangle PNR$ and
 - b) $\frac{CM}{RN} = \frac{AB}{PQ}$

OR

- 16) Prove that the ratio of the areas of two similar triangles is equal to the square of the ratio of their corresponding sides. [5]
- 17) Construct a triangle with sides 5 cm, 6 cm and 7 cm and then another triangle whose sides are $\frac{7}{5}$ of the corresponding sides of the first triangle.

 Write the steps of construction also.

