1) Name the tribe which worshipped trees, rivers, sun etc. & later some religious ceremonies & yagnayagadi started from it.
   (A) Australoids
   (B) Negrito
   (C) Aryans
   (D) Alpine

2) By whom Indians are endowed with perenial rivers streams, big forests & holy places?
   (A) Himalaya
   (B) Sahyadri
   (C) Arvalli
   (D) Nilgiri
3) Which of the following city is famous for its inlay work of diamond & precious stones like chuni, damni etc.?
(A) Rajasthan – Jodhpur
(B) Rajasthan – Bikaner
(C) Gujarat – Surat
(D) Uttar Pradesh – Varanasi

4) Which of the following statement is not related to Kalidas?
(A) ‘Abhigyan Shakuntalam’ is one of the best works of Kalidas
(B) Kalidas has written his dramas in poetic style
(C) German poet Gothe was very much impressed by Kalidas & his dramas
(D) Mahavir Charitam & Swapnavasavadattam are works of Kalidas

5) Recognize the place (ancient) where specimens of copper melting furnace weapon-making shells, metal bangles etc. were found.
(A) Dholaveera
(B) Mohen-jo-daro
(C) Desalpur
(D) Lothal

6) In our literary heritage we take the name of ‘Arthshastra’ with much pride. Find out the most relevant fact about this book.
(A) Dialogue between Buddhist philosopher Milind & Nagsen have been described in it
(B) Principles of Economics have been mentioned in it
(C) It is about administrative management
(D) It is written by Bhavbhuti
7) Find the correct match of the (king & their heir) Dynasty & their heir.

A
a) Pallav dynasty
b) Moghul
c) Cholas
d) Solanki

B
1) Bhimdev-I
2) Narsinhvarman-II
3) Babar
4) Rajraj

(A) (a-4) (b-1) (c-2) (d-3)
(B) (a-2) (b-3) (c-4) (d-1)
(C) (a-2) (b-3) (c-1) (d-4)
(D) (a-3) (b-4) (c-2) (d-1)

8) Muhammad Hussain Azad was urdu writer. His original urdu work was _____.

(A) Durbar-e-Akabari
(B) Bihari Satsai
(C) Ain-e-Akbari
(D) Akbarnama

9) Find the correct match of literary heritage.

A
a) Ancient language of knowledge & science
b) The preachings of Mahavir & Buddha
c) Earlier Buddhist literature was written in
d) The ancient Dravidian language

B
i) Prakrit
ii) Pali
iii) Tamil
iv) Sanskrit

(A) a-ii, b-i, c-iv, d-iii
(B) a-iii, b-ii, c-iv, d-iii
(C) a-iv, b-i, c-ii, d-iii
(D) a-i, b-ii, c-iii, d-iv

10) Among the ancient Buddhist literature Ashwaghodha’s ‘Buddhacharit’ was written in which language?

(A) Pali
(B) Sanskrit
(C) Brahmi
(D) Prakrit

10 (E)/01 3 (P.T.O.)
11) How did the Westerners criticized India’s heritage in science & technology?
   (A) India is full of hunger, fear & corruption
   (B) India is socially backward
   (C) India is obsessed by religion & philosophy
   (D) India is against human rights

12) Find out the incorrect match.
   (A) Prajananshastra – Bhrambhavya Panchal
   (B) Vagbhatt – Ashtang Hriday
   (C) Chakrapanidatta – Chikitsasangraha
   (D) Lilavati Ganit – Aapstambh

13) In South India, during the _____ period, numerous metal idols were made.
   (A) Chalukya period          (B) Pallav period
   (C) Chola period            (D) Pandya Rulers

14) The Fort of Agra built in 1565 on the bank of river Yamuna where Shah Jahan spent last days of his life, was built by whom?
   (A) Babar                (B) Shahjahan
   (C) Akbar               (D) Humayun

15) Find the place based on description & map.

   | Capital of Vijaynagar kingdom
   | Established by Harihar, Bukkarai
   | Well-known in the golden years of Krishnadevrai’s kingdom
   | Which is this archaeological town?

   (A) Hampi
   (B) Pattadakal
   (C) Khajuraho
   (D) Mahabalipuram
16) The Red Fort built by Shahjahan includes Diwan-e-Aam, Diwan-e-Khas, Rang Mahal, Moti Masjid etc. Who built the Moti Masjid in it?
   (A) Jahangir                   (B) Bahadurshah
   (C) Aurangzeb                 (D) Hamida Begum

17) Which one of the following holy places is included in ‘Char-dham yatra’?
   P) Rameshwar – Badrinath
   Q) Jagannath Puri – Dwarka
   R) Haridwar – Somnath
   S) Ujjain – Nasik
   (A) P & R both
   (B) P & Q both
   (C) R & S both
   (D) Q & R both

18) India is a country of festivals Pongal, Bihu, Onam & Gangaur are among them. Arrange these festivals from east to west in correct order.
   (A) Kerala – Rajastan – Tamilnadu – Assam
   (B) Assam – Tamilnadu – Kerala – Rajastan
   (C) Assam – Kerala – Tamilnadu – Rajasthan
   (D) Assam – Rajasthan – Tamilnadu – Kerala

19) Which geographical factor decides the maturity of soil?
   (A) Climate                  (B) Slope
   (C) Rocks                    (D) Long period of time

20) Which one of the following project was decided by the ‘Man and Reserve Regions’ of UNESCO?
   (A) Sanctuary
   (B) Forests
   (C) National Parks
   (D) Reserves
21) Various days are celebrated for the protection of vegetation & wildlife. Arrange the following days from January to December. Choose the correct answer.

1) World Environment Day
2) World Forestry Day
3) World Biodiversity Day
4) World Animal Welfare Day

(A) 3, 2, 1, 4
(B) 2, 1, 4, 3
(C) 2, 3, 4, 1
(D) 1, 2, 3, 4

22) Which type of agriculture (farming) is done in the hills of north eastern India, Himalayan West Bengal & in the hills of Nilgiri, Anaimalai & Cardmom?

(A) Subsistence farming
(B) Intensive agriculture
(C) Plantation agriculture
(D) Shifting agriculture

23) Which institute in India is related to agricultural research & counselling?

(A) Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR)
(B) National Dairy Development Board (NDDB)
(C) Department of Agricultural Research & Education (DARE)
(D) Gujarat co-operative oil seeds Grower’s Federation (GROFED)

24) Choose the correct answer which relates crop & its producer.

A  B
a) Wheat    i) Junagadh
b) Cotton    ii) Bhal
c) Tobacco   iii) Kanam
d) Groundnut iv) Charotar

(A) a-ii, b-iv, c-i, d-iii   (B) a-iii, b-ii, c-i, d-iv
(C) a-ii, b-iii, c-i, d-iv   (D) a-ii, b-iii, c-iv, d-i
25) Most of the sugar industries in Gujarat are based on _____ type.
(A) Co-operative
(B) Govt.-run
(C) Partnership
(D) Foreign investment

26) Grand Anicut was constructed in second century for the purpose of irrigation. Across which river was it built?
(A) Krishna
(B) Kaveri
(C) Narmada
(D) Yamuna

27) Some aspects of human culture have been identified with minerals. Arrange the following in correct order & choose the right answer.
1) Iron age
2) Copper age
3) Stone age
4) Atomic age

(A) 2, 3, 1, 4
(B) 1, 3, 2, 4
(C) 3, 2, 1, 4
(D) 3, 2, 4, 1

28) Which of the following is not included in the export of Iron ore?
(A) Paradip
(B) Manglore
(C) Vishakhapatnam
(D) Kochin

29) India’s first wind farm ‘Tuticorin’ was in Tamilnadu, where is its biggest wind farm ‘Gucche’ established?
(A) Andhra Pradesh
(B) Tamilnadu
(C) Karnataka
(D) Orissa

30) The name of industry, state & its establishment years are given below, find the incorrect one.
(A) Iron & steel – Porto Nova – Tamilnadu - 1830
(B) Cotton textile – Mumbai – Maharashtra - 1854
(C) Iron & steel – Burnpur, West Bengal - 1864
(D) Chemical Fertilizer – Ranipet – Tamilnadu - 1906
31) The classification of Industries is given below. Choose the incorrect one.
(A) Large scale industry – Cotton textile  
(B) Small scale industry – Jaggery & Khandsari  
(C) Small (light) industry – Manufacturing of sewing machines  
(D) Heavy industry – Sugar industry

32) In the period of SS, Mr. Desai was giving information of various centres of Iron & Steel Industry & one of them exports iron ore & is run by SAIL. Which centre he is talking about?
(A) Vishakhapatnam  
(B) Kolkata  
(C) Jamshedpur  
(D) Tuticorin

33) Name two manufacturing plants of railway engine?
(A) Karnataka (Banglore)  
   West Bengal (Kolkata)  
(B) West Bengal (Chittaranjan)  
   Uttar Pradesh (Varanasi)  
(C) Maharashtra (Nasik)  
   Gujarat (Vapi)  
(D) Tamilnadu (Perambur)  
   Maharashtra (Mumbai)

34) The longest highway No. 7 is 2372 km long. Which two cities are linked by it?
(A) Gauhati – Trivendram  
(B) Amritsar – Kanyakumari  
(C) Porbandar – Silhuti  
(D) Varanasi – Kanyakumari
35) In a developed country, with Industrial development, contribution of _____ sector is declined.

   (A) Service
   (B) Secondary
   (C) Primary
   (D) Political

36) Which of the following is not appropriate for market economy.

   (A) Decisions are taken by Planning Commission
   (B) Earning profit is the main aim
   (C) No interferance of government
   (D) Factors of production are private

37) When we divide the national income with number of people, we get _____.

   (A) Annual income
   (B) Per capita income
   (C) Daily income
   (D) Gross income

38) One of the following limitation is not related to mixed economy.

   (A) Instability
   (B) Lack of co-ordination
   (C) High growth rate
   (D) Inconsistent economic policy
39) The head-quarters of World Trade Organisation is at _____.
   (A) New York
   (B) England
   (C) Berlin
   (D) Geneva

40) Globalisation is associated with Foreign Direct Investment and _____.
   (A) Foreign Trade Policy
   (B) Investment Policy
   (C) Income-expense Policy
   (D) Industrial Policy

41) Under which programme the govt. does not provide direct money but trains
   in such manner that person gets employment.
   (A) Jawahar Gram Samruddhi Yojana
   (B) Sampurna Gramin Yojana
   (C) Suvarna Jayanti Swarajgar Yojana
   (D) Wage based poverty alleviation programme

42) Increase in labour in agriculture does not increase in production, which type
   of unemployment is it?
   (A) Seasonal
   (B) Educated
   (C) Structural
   (D) Disguised

43) Among the various programs included in ‘Pradhan Mantri Gramoddhar
   Yojana’ one programme is not related to it, which one is it?
   (A) Rashtriya Samajik Sahay Yojana
   (B) Vidyalaxmi bond Yojana
   (C) Nirmal Bharat Yojana
   (D) Sarvashiksha Abhiyan
44) Among the following statements, one statement shows the basic difference between a terrorist and a revolutionary. (The statement can be true or false)

(A) Revolutionaries are always non-violent but a terrorist is always violent
(B) Revolutionaries are self inspired while a terrorist uses paid fighters
(C) A revolutionary is against the govt. & not against people, they fight without reward & are self inspired while a terrorist do not care for any citizen
(D) Freedom struggle of India was a revolutionary act while the struggle in Kashmir is terrorist act.

45) Which committee was framed in Gujarat to decide other socially & educationally backward classes.

(A) Baxi Panch
(B) Mandal Panch
(C) Nanavati Panch
(D) Balwantra Mehta Panch

46) Which of the following expenses done by the govt. can be considered as investment for human resource development?

(A) Roads joining all the villages
(B) Establish agriculture-based industries
(C) Establish sports complexes in every district
(D) Develop ports

47) Match the correct state & its insurgent groups & give the right answer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) Assam</td>
<td>1) People’s War group</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b) Manipur</td>
<td>2) United Minority Front</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c) West Bengal</td>
<td>3) Kuki National Front</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(A) (a-2) (b-3) (c-1)
(B) (a-3) (b-1) (c-2)
(C) (a-2) (b-1) (c-3)
(D) (a-3) (b-2) (c-1)
48) Which statement among the following is not related to women empowerment.
   (A) Govt. has arranged for social security & create opportunities for women
   (B) Gujarat has introduced Vidya Deep Scheme for women literacy
   (C) National policy for women empowerment is aimed at providing equal status to men and women
   (D) The ratio of women per men is more in Gujarat than any other states of India

49) Those who work for social understanding & upliftment of weaker section, their social transformation, potentiality, justice & human dignity are awarded by _____.
   (A) Rashtrapati award
   (B) Dr. Baba Saheb Ambedkar award
   (C) Mahatma Gandhi award
   (D) Bharat Ratna award

50) The following steps are taken by govt. for _____.
   – rehabilitation bill - 1992
   – provision of 3% reservation in govt. jobs
   – free education upto age 18
   – provision of land at subsidized a rate for construction of house, business etc.
   (A) Disabled
   (B) Women
   (C) Scheduled caste
   (D) Child labourers
10 (E)
(MARCH, 2017)

(Part - B)

Time : 2 Hours]

Instructions:

1) Write in a clear hand writing.
2) There are four sections in Part - B of the question paper and total 1 to 18 questions are there.
3) Q.18 is Map Work. Blind candidates have separate questions; instead of the Map Work.
4) All the questions are compulsory. Internal options are given.
5) The numbers at right side represent the marks of the question.
6) Start new Section on new page.
7) Maintain sequence.

SECTION - A

Questions 1 to 5 carry equal marks. Each carries 2 marks. Answer the following questions as required.

1) If someone is damaging public property & environment, what will you do? [2]

2) Write about the literature composed in all four dravidian languages in ancient age. [2]

3) Give information of Iron pillar of ancient India. [2]

OR

Give information of Aryabhata & Brahmagupta in reference to astrology.

5) What are favourable conditions for tea plantation? [2]

SECTION - B

Questions 6 to 10 carry equal marks. Each carries 2 marks. Answer the following questions as required.

6) Prove how the productivity & quality of a crop is affected by irrigation? [2]

7) Why Indian jute industry is concentrated in West Bengal? [2]

8) Which steps are taken for the protection of environment? [2]

9) Differentiate between relative poverty & absolute poverty. [2]

OR

‘Population increase is a major cause for unemployment’ explain the statement.

SECTION - C

Questions 11 to 15 carry equal marks. Each carries 3 marks. Answer the following questions as required.

11) Give brief introduction of music as ancient Indian art. [3]

12) What is stupa? Write a short note on stupa of Sarnath. [3]

13) What are the effects of deforestation? [3]

14) What is Bio-gas? Name the bio-gas plants established in Gujarat. [3]

OR

Write in brief about different types of coal.

15) Discuss about the juvenile rights & how they help for the all-round development of a child. [3]

SECTION - D

Questions 16 to 18 carry equal marks. Each carries 5 marks. Answer the questions as required.

16) How India has proved the feeling of ‘World as family’? [5]

17) Discuss the steps taken by govt. to control price-rise? [5]

OR

Discuss how & why a customer is exploited?
18) Show the following in the outline map of India.

(1) Coorg-producer of coffee.
(2) Hirakud Multi-purpose project
(3) One producer of mica.
(4) Capital of electronic industry.
(5) Railway from Mumbai to Kolkata with two junctions.

Only for Blind Students

(1) In which state coorg is situated?
(2) On which river Hirakud project is built?
(3) Which state produces mica?
(4) Which is the capital of electronic industry?
(5) State two junctions that come on the rail route from Mumbai to Kolkata.