This Question Paper contains 20 printed pages.

(Part - A & Part - B)

Sl.No. 0100028

11 (E)

(JULY, 2018) (NCERT OTHERS) પ્રશ્ન પેપરનો સેટ નંબર જેની સામેનું વર્તુળ OMR શીટમાં ઘટ્ટ કરવાનું રહે છે. Set No. of Question Paper,

Set No. of Question Paper, circle against which is to be darken in OMR sheet.

01

Question Paper Reading 15 Minutes

Part - A: Time: 1 Hour / Marks: 50 Part - B: Time: 2 Hours / Marks: 50

(Part - A)

Time: 1 Hour]

Instructions:

[Maximum Marks: 50

- 1) There are 50 multiple choice type questions in Part A and all of them are compulsory.
- 2) The questions are serially numbered from 1 to 50 and each carries 1 mark.
- 3) Read each question carefully, select proper alternative and answer in the O.M.R. sheet.
- 4) Separate OMR sheet is given for answering these questions. The answer of each question is to be given by darkening the circle against options (A), (B), (C), (D). Circle representing the most correct answer is to be darken with ball-pen.
- 5) Set No. of Question Paper printed on the upper-most right side of the Question Paper, the same is to be written in the space provided in the OMR sheet and circle depicting the correct set No. is to be darken with ball pen.

1) $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 + 2 \text{A}l \rightarrow \text{A}l_2\text{O}_3 + 2 \text{Fe}.$

The above reaction is an example of a

- (A) combination reaction
- (B) double displacement reaction
- (C) decomposition reaction
- (D) displacement reaction

2) Identify the correct value for X, Y, Z in the given chemical equation.

$$3 \text{ Fe} + \underline{X} \text{ H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{Fe}_{Y} \text{ O}_4 + \underline{Z} \text{ H}_2$$

- (A) X = 4, Y = 3, Z = 3
- (B) X = 4, Y = 3, Z = 4
- (C) Z = 2, Y = 3, X = 2
- (D) Y = 2, Z = 2, X = 4
- 3) A solution of a substance 'X' is used for white washing. Identify the substance 'X' and its formula.
 - (A) lime stone, Ca(OH),
 - (B) lime, CaCO,
 - (C) calcium oxide, CaO
 - (D) slaked lime, CaCO₃
- 4) Which of the following method is applicable to prevent Rancidity of oil and fat.
 - (A) By flushing with N_2 gas
 - (B) By keeping oil and fat in air tight container
 - (C) By preventing oxidation
 - (D) All of the above
- 5) Which of the following statement is not correct about the given reaction. $Mg + O_2 \rightarrow MgO$
 - (A) Skeletal chemical equation
 - (B) Oxidation reaction
 - (C) Combination reaction
 - (D) Decomposition reaction

6)	A so	lution turns red litmus blue, its pH is likely to be Rough Work
	(A)	(B) 4 _{H1} controllizoo an on (A)
	(C)	(B) Inchas a higher mc 01 (C) than in.
		Zinc is more reactive than an
7)	Whi	ch of the following is in correct order of pH?
	(A)	Lemon juice < blood < milk of magnesia
	(B)	Gastric juice < sodium hydroxide < pure water
	(C)	Milk of magnesia > Gastric juice > blood
	(D)	Sodium hydroxide < blood < lemon juice
8)	Whi	ch of the following acid is present in Nettle sting?
	(A)	Tartaric acid
	(B)	Oxalic acid
	(C)	Acetic acid
	(D)	Methanoic acid
9)		nt to bleach my clothes. Which of the following compound ald I use?
	(A)	·Ca(OH) ₂ (B) CaOCl ₂
	(C)	Cl ₂ (D) CaSO ₄
		The allowed the first than the variety of the statement of the companion of the statement of the companion o
10)		e-water milky. The solution contains
	(A)	NaCl (B) HCl
	(C)	LiCl (D) KCl

	11)	Food	d cans are coated with tin and no	ot wit	h zinc because: Rough Work
		(A)	Zinc is costlier than tin		
		(B)	Zinc has a higher melting poin	t thar	ı tin
		(C)	Zinc is more reactive than tin		
		(D)	Zinc is less reactive than tin		7) V aga dithe foliowing is in
					boold of hydromal Car
	12)	Iden	tify the non-metal with lustrous	surfa	ice.
		(A)	Gallium	(B)	Chlorine
		(C)	Iodine	(D)	Caesium
	13)	Sodi	um is kept immersed in keroser	ne oil	because:
		(A)	It reacts with moisture in the a	ir	onsina (
		(B)	Immersing in kerosene cuts of	f the	supply of air
		(C)	The reaction of sodium with a	ir is v	ery violent
		(D)	All of the above		bus_insided to a
14)			are given two statements P arence from this.	and () select the correct
		$P \rightarrow$	The ability of a metal to be dra malleability.	wn in	to thin wire is called
		$Q \rightarrow$	Alkali metals are comparatively points.	soft a	and have low melting
		(A)	P and Q		antes i light doublish is the
		(B)	Ponly		
		(C)	Q only		
		(D)	P and Q both are incorrect		

15) In general the number of electrons in the outermost shell of Rough Work the non-metallic atom are

- (A) 1, 2, 3
- (B) 5, 6, 7
- (C) 2, 6
- (D) 2, 8, 7
- 16) Identify the saturated compound from the following-
 - (A) C_4H_{10}

(C) C_4H_6

- 17) Identify the correct name of the following compound

(A) Butane

(B) Propanol

(C) Propanal

- (D) Propanone
- 18) Identify the wrong statement.
 - (A) Ethanoic acid is used as a preservative
 - (B) Vinegar often freezes during winter is known as glacial acetic acid
 - (C) Acetic acid belongs to carboxylic acid
 - (D) 5 8% solution of ethanol is called as vinegar

Rou	ah	WA	wl.
RUU	RII	VYU	rk

19) The group number and period number respectively of an element with atomic number 11 is

(A) 1, 3

(B) 3, 1

(C) 8, 1

- (D) 1,8
- 20) Which of the following statements is not a correct statement about the trends when going from left to right across the periods of periodic table.
 - (A) The elements become less metallic in nature
 - (B) The number of valence electrons increases
 - (C) The atoms lose their electrons more easily
 - (D) The oxides become more acidic
- 21) The break down of pyruvate to give carbon dioxide, water and energy takes place in
 - (A) Cytoplasm

(B) Mitochondria

(C) Chloroplast

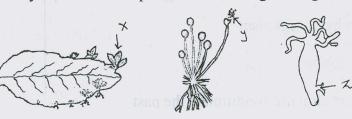
- (D) Nucleus
- **22)** Which of the following alternative shows the correct path of deoxygenated blood flows in human beings.
 - (A) lungs → Pulmonary vein → left atrium → left ventricle → different organ
 - (B) Venacava \rightarrow left atrium \rightarrow left ventricle \rightarrow Pulmonary artery
 - (C) Venacava → Right atrium → Right ventricle → Pulmonary artery
 - (D) Venacava → Right atrium → Right ventricle → Pulmonary vein

Part of the brain that controls activities like dancing, skating, walking in straight line.				
(A)	Medulla Medulla Medulla			
(B)	Cerebellum			
(C)	Hypothalamus			
(D)	Cerebrum			
_	tted plant is kept in a room. It starts to bend towards the ction of light.			
Nam	e the plant hormone responsible for it.			
(A)	Cytokinins			
(B)	Gibberellins The second of th			
(C)	Abscisic acid			
(D)	Auxin			
	is ministered to the second of			
Ident	rify the correct statement about chemotropism.			
(A)	Shoots grow towards light			
(B)	Roots grow towards earth or gravity			
(C)	Pea plant climbs up on other plant			
(D)	Growth of pollen tubes towards ovules			
	walk (A) (B) (C) (D) A padirect Nam (A) (B) (C) (D) Ident (A) (B) (C)			

26) Which of the following is a correct general scheme of how nervous impulses travel in the body.

- (A) Information \rightarrow Axon \rightarrow dendrite \rightarrow Synapse
- (B) Dendrite \rightarrow electrical signal \rightarrow Axon \rightarrow cell body
- (C) Information → dendritic tip → electrical signal → cell body → Axon → Synapse
- (D) Cell body \rightarrow electrical signal \rightarrow Axon \rightarrow dendrite \rightarrow Synapse
- 27) Reproduction is essential for living organisms in order
 - (A) To keep the individual organism alive
 - (B) To fulfill the energy requirement
 - (C) To maintain growth
 - (D) To continue the species generation after generation
- 28) The correct sequence of the stages of reproduction seen in flowering plants is
 - (A) Gametes, Zygote, Embryo
 - (B) Zygote, Gametes, Embryo
 - (C) Embryo, Zygote, Gametes
 - (D) Gametes, Embryo, Zygote
- 29) Which of the following is a contraceptive?
 - (A) Copper T
 - (B) Condom
 - (C) Diaphragm
 - (D) All of these

30) Identify the mode of reproduction in the given figure.



- (A) X = vegetative propagation, Y = spore formation, Z = budding
- (B) X = budding, Y = vegetative propagation, Z = Regeneration
- (C) X = spore formation, Y = Multiple fission, Z = Vegetative propagation
- (D) X = Regeneration, Y = budding, Z = spore formation
- 31) The more characteristics of two species have in common.
 - (A) More closely they are related and more distantly they have common ancestor
 - (B) More distantly they are related and more recently they have a common ancestor
 - (C) More distantly they are related and more distantly they have common ancestors
 - (D) More closely they are related and more recently they will have had a common ancestor
- 32) An example of homologous organ is
 - (A) Our arm and a dog's fore-leg
 - (B) Our teeth and an elephant's tusks
 - (C) Potato and runners of grass
 - (D) All of the above

33)	Fos	sils help	Rough Work			
	(A ⁻)	For a hierarchy of organism				
	(B)	To study evolution				
	(C)	To understand climatic condition in the past				
	(D)	all of the above				
			HO			
34)	In a concave mirror, an object placed will result in a virtual, enlarge and erect image.					
	(A)	Between F and C				
	(B)	at C				
	(C)	Beyond C				
	(D)	Between F and P	34) Oremon			
		gailt gingere, or a first or to go to greatly and				
35)		at happens when a ray of light passes from optically denser lium to optically rearer medium?				
	(A)	It bends away from normal				
	(B)	It bends towards normal				
	(C)	It forms angle of incidence and angle refraction equal				
	(D)	It forms angle of incidence and angle of reflection different				
		amore con amonthistic				
36)	Mag	nification of an image formed by a plane mirror is				
	(A)	< 1 (B) > 1				

(C) 1

(D) 0

37)	Ligh	nt travels fastest through which	of the	e following material	Rough Work
	(A)	diamond	(B)	water	
	(C)	glass	(D)	air	

38)	Whi	ch of the following statement	is not	correct.	
, A	(A)	The sky appears reddish to pasaltitudes, as scattering is not p	laidW s		
	(B)	r (/ <u>.</u>)			
	(C)	The twinkling of a star is due of star light	to at	mospheric refraction	
	(D)	Planets do not twinkle as the earth, and are thus seen as ext			
					10.10.
39)		electric bulb is rated 220 V and 10 V the power consumed will		W when it is operated	
	(A)	100 W	(B)	75 W	
	(C)	50 W	(D)	25 W	
			•		* 1
40)	Ohm	s's law is valid only when			
	(A)	Graph between V and I is para	, V		
	(B)	Temperature remains constant	t		- 1
	(C)	Temperature increases			
	(D)	Temperature decreases			

41) If you run ____ watt bulb for 1 hour, the energy consumed will be 1 unit.

Rough Work

(A) 10

(B) 100

(C) 1000

- (D), 3.6×10^6
- 42) Which of the following is not a correct formula
 - (A) $P = \frac{V^2}{R}$

(B) $H = I^2 Rt$

- (C) $R = \rho \frac{l}{A}$
- (D) $V = \frac{Q}{W}$
- 43) Which of the following are the units of electric potential difference and resistance respectively.
 - (A) Volt and Watt
- (B) $\frac{J}{A}$, Volt
- (C) Volt, Ohm

- (D) Volt, $\frac{Ohm}{Ampere}$
- 44) An electric fuse is based on
 - (A) The chemical effect of the current
 - (B) Magnetic effect of the current
 - (C) Magnetic induction effect
 - (D) The heating effect of the current

45) The phenomenon of electromagnetic induction is

- (A) The process of charging a body
- (B) The process of generating magnetic field due to a current passing through a coil
- (C) Producing induced current in a coil due to relative motion between a magnet and the coil
- (D) The process of rotating a coil of an electric motor
- 46) At the time of short circuit, the current in the circuit.
 - (A) reduces substantially
 - (B) does not change
 - (C) increases heavily
 - (D) vary continuously
- 47) Which of the following statement is correct for Fleming's left hand rule
 - P First finger points in the direction of magnetic field.
 - Q Thumb points in the direction of motion or the force acting on the conductor.
 - R Second finger points in the direction of current.
 - (A) Only P
 - (B) Only Q
 - (C) Only R
 - (D) P, Q and R all are true

48)	The		
	(A)	is zero	
	(B)	Decreases as we move towards its end;	
	(C)	Increases as we move towards its end;	
	(D)	is the same at all points.	
		al of the process of rotating a coulty flar electric motor	
49)	Whi	ch of the following is not an example of a bio-mass energy	
	(A)	since of short circuit, the current in the circuit boow	
	(B)	Gobargas vin financija, esoph	
	(C)	atomic energy	
	(D)	Coal	
		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
50)	VV/I-:		
50)	WIN	ch of the following are environment-friendly practices?	
	(A)	Use of pressure cooker most of the time	
	(B)	Soak rice in water before cooking	
	(C)	Walking to school instead of getting your mother to drop you on her scooter	
	(D)	All of the above	
	*		

11 (E)

(JULY, 2018) (NCERT OTHERS)

(Part - B)

Time: 2 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 50

Instructions:

- 1) Write in a clear hand writing.
- 2) There are four sections in Part B of the question paper and total 1 to 18 questions are there.
- 3) All questions are compulsory. Internal options are given.
- 4) The numbers at the right side represents the marks of the questions.
- 5) New section may be started on a new page of answer book.
- 6) It is advisable to maintain sequence.

SECTION-A

- Answer the questions 1 to 5 in short (2 marks each).
 - 1) What do you mean by a precipitation reaction? Explain giving one example. [2]
 - 2) Why should curd and sour substances not be kept in brass and copper vessels? [2]
 - 3) Give reasons: [2]
 - i) Aluminium is a highly reactive metal, yet it is used to make utensils for cooking.
 - ii) Carbonate and sulphide ores are usually converted into oxides during the process of extraction.

[2]

4) Light enters from air to glass having refractive index 1.50, what is the speed of light in the glass? The speed of light in vacuum is 3 × 10⁸ ms⁻¹. [2]

OR

An object is placed at a distance of 10 cm from a convex mirror of focal length 15 cm. Find the position of the image.

5) Why does the cord of an electric heater not glow while the heating element does?

OR

Draw a schematic diagram of a circuit consisting of a battery of three cells of 2V each, a 5Ω resistor, an 8Ω resistor, and a 12Ω resistor and a plug key, all connected in series.

SECTION-B

- Answer the questions 6 to 10 in short (2 marks each).
 - One half of a convex lens is covered with a black paper. Will this lens produce a complete image of the object? Draw a ray diagram to show the formation of an image by a convex lens if object is placed between focus and centre of curvature.

[2]

- 7) A student has difficulty reading the blackboard while sitting in the last row. What could be the defect the child is suffering from? How can it be corrected? [2]
- 8) Why are we looking at alternate sources of energy? [2]
- 9) What is the role of decomposers in the ecosystem? [2]

OR

What will happen if we kill all the organism in one tropic level?

10) Suggest some uses of forests.

[2]

SECTION - C

_	Alls	wer the following questions 11 to 13 in other (3 marks each).	
	11)	Compare and contrast the arrangement of elements in Mendeleev's periodic table and the Modern Periodic Table.	[3]
	while	iii) Feorge use a various of acquisit in the court of ones it with after ad	
		concern, they be of the choice, on a store of help to the naddle, a	
	12)	What is the difference between the manner in which movement in the sensitive	
		plant and movement in our legs takes place?	[3]
	13)	Write in brief about the importance of variation.	[3]
		OR	
		. The control the contest of the con	
		Write short note on a male reproductive system.	
,			

OR

15) Draw a labelled diagram of an electric motor. Explain its principle.

14) How is the sex of the child determined in human being? Is a male or a female

Explain the underlying principle of an electric generator.

responsible for determining the sex of the child?

[3]

[3]

SECTION-D

- Answer the following questions 16 to 18 in details (5 marks each).
 - 16) i) Explain the mechanism of the cleaning action of soap with diagram.
 - ii) People use a variety of methods to wash clothes. Usually after adding the soap, they 'beat' the clothes on a stone, or beat it with paddle, scrub with a brush or the mixture is agitated in a washing machine. Why is agitation necessary to get clean clothes?

[5]

OR

- i) State the physical properties and uses of ethanol.
- ii) Write the chemical properties of ethanol with two chemical equation.
- 17) Explain the process of digestion in mouth, stomach and small intestine in human being. [5]

OR

Explain the human excretory system with a neat, labelled diagram. Also explain how excretion takes place in human.

18) Draw a neat labelled diagram of human eye and write the working of each part of it.

[5]

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